## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA CEDAR RAPIDS DIVISION

No. 08-CR-23-LRR
ORDER

The matter before the court is Defendant Derrick Ware's Objection (docket no. 94) to United States Magistrate Judge Jon S. Scoles's Report and Recommendation (docket no. 91). On April 2, 2012, Judge Scoles held a hearing on the First Supplemented and Substituted Petition for Warrant or Summons for Offender Under Supervision (docket no. 87). On April 3, 2012, Judge Scoles issued the Report and Recommendation, which recommends that the court revoke Defendant's supervised release and that he be sentenced to an eighteen-month term of imprisonment, followed by three years of supervised release. The Report and Recommendation states that, "within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy of this Report and Recommendation, any party may serve and file written objections with the district court." Report and Recommendation at 6.

On April 17, 2012, Defendant filed his Objection. In his Objection, Defendant states that he "does not dispute the relevant facts and proceedings as reflected in the . . . Report and Recommendation." Objection at 1. Additionally, Defendant does not object to Judge Scoles's recommendation that Defendant serve an eighteen-month sentence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Defendant is on supervised release in two cases originating in the Northern District of Iowa: the instant case and Case No. 95-cr-00009-LRR. The government filed petitions to revoke Defendant's supervised release in both cases, and Judge Scoles addressed both petitions at the April 2, 2012 hearing.

Rather, Defendant objects only to Judge Scoles's recommendation that Defendant's eighteen-month sentence be served in prison as opposed to a residential reentry center, or "half-way house." Defendant argues that he has remained drug free, maintained employment for over a year and has been making monthly restitution payments in accordance with the Judgment (docket no. 68) in this case.

"[U]pon an objection to a magistrate judge's proposed findings and recommendations pursuant to [18 U.S.C. §] 3401(i), a district court must undertake de novo review." *United States v. Azure*, 539 F.3d 904, 909 (8th Cir. 2008). First, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that Defendant violated the terms and conditions of his supervised release. Defendant admitted at the hearing that he violated his supervised release by committing a new law violation, and he does not object to the portion of the Report and Recommendation making such finding. Thus, the remaining issue, and the only issue Defendant raises in his Objection, is the appropriate disposition. After reviewing the record, the court finds that incarceration is appropriate. The court notes, in particular, that Defendant's new law violation involved conduct similar to the conduct in the underlying case. Furthermore, the court agrees that, as the government argued at the hearing, residential reentry centers are better suited for short-term stays. Thus, after a de novo review of the objected-to portion of the Report and Recommendation, the court hereby **ADOPTS** the Report and Recommendation (docket no. 91) in its entirety.

Thus, it is the judgment of the court that Defendant Derrick Ware's supervised release is revoked and he is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons for a term of eighteen months.<sup>2</sup> Upon release from imprisonment, supervised release shall be reimposed for a period of three years. Within seventy-two hours of release

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In a separate order, the court revokes Defendant's supervised release in Case No. 95-cr-00009-LRR and imposes an eighteen-month sentence in that case. The sentence in the instant case shall run concurrently with the sentence in Case No. 95-cr-00009-LRR. No period of supervised release shall follow in Case No. 95-cr-00009-LRR.

from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons, Defendant shall report, in person, to the probation office in the district to which he is released. During this period of supervised release, Defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local crime; he shall not illegally possess a controlled substance or a firearm, ammunition, destructive device or other dangerous weapon; he shall cooperate with the collection of a DNA sample as directed by his probation officer; and he shall comply with the standard conditions that have been promulgated by the Judicial Conference of the United States. All other terms and special conditions of Defendant's original sentence are reimposed and remain in full force and effect, including his unpaid restitution. In addition, the following special condition is added:

Defendant must reside in a Residential Reentry Center for a period of up to 120 days. This placement must be in the community corrections component with work release privileges. While a resident of the Residential Reentry Center, Defendant must abide by all rules and regulations of the facility. Defendant must report to the Residential Reentry Center at a time and date to be determined by the Bureau of Prisons, the Residential Reentry Center and the United States Probation Office.

In fashioning a sentence in this matter, the court has taken into consideration all of the factors in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a).

Defendant is advised of his right to appeal. If Defendant desires to appeal, he must file a written notice with the Clerk of Court within fourteen days of the filing of the judgment. If Defendant is unable to afford an attorney, the court will appoint an attorney to represent him.

The Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to send a copy of this order to Defendant, the government and the United States Probation Office. The United States Probation Office is **DIRECTED** to prepare a revocation judgment in accordance with the Report and Recommendation and this order.

## IT IS SO ORDERED.

**DATED** this 7th day of May, 2012.

LINDA R. READE

CHIEF JUDGE, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF IOWA